Formerly C&GS 908, 1st Ed., Mar., 1900 C-1900-35 KAPP 399

CONTINUED ON CHART 25668

SCALE 1:10,000
Nautical Mile
Yards
Meters

BAHÍA DE SAN JUAN

Mercator Projection
Scale 1:10,000 at Lat. 18°27'

North American Datum of 1983
(World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FEET
AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov

THE NATION'S CHARTMAKER SINCE 1807

PUERTO RICO

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the Puerto Rico Datum must be corrected an average of 7.190" southward and 1.400" eastward to agree with this chart.

TIDAL INFORMATION

PLACE		Height referred to datum of soundings (MLLW)		
NAME	(LAT/LONG)	Mean Higher High Water	Mean High Water	Mean Low Water
		feet	feet	feet
San Juan	(18°28'N/66°07'W)	1.6	1.3	0.2

Dashes (– –) located in datum columns indicate unavailable datum values for a tide station. Real-time water levels, tide predictions, and tidal current predictions are available on the Internet from http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov. (Jun 2011)

For Symbols and Abbreviations see Chart No. 1

COLREGS: International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972.
Demarcation lines are shown thus: — — — —

HEIGHTS
Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

AUTHORITIES
Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey with additional data from the Geological Survey and U.S. Coast Guard.

WARNING
The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

CAUTION
Limitations on the use of radio signals as aids to marine navigation can be found in the U.S. Coast Guard Light Lists and National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency Publication 117.
Radio direction-finder bearings to commercial broadcasting stations are subject to error and should be used with caution.
Station positions are shown thus:
⊙(Accurate location) ○(Approximate location)

CAUTION
Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

AIDS TO NAVIGATION
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

NOTE A
Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 5. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Florida, or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville, Florida.
Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

SCALE 1:10,000
Nautical Mile
Yards
Meters

LOGARITHMIC SPEED SCALE
To find SPEED, place one point of dividers on distance run (in any unit) and the other on minutes run. Without changing divider spread, place right point on 60 and left point will then indicate speed in units per hour. Example: with 4.0 nautical miles run in 15 minutes, the speed is 16.0 knots.

CAUTION
Coral reef limits shown on this chart are approximate and are not necessarily awash at Mean Lower Low Water.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 5 for important supplemental information.

POLLUTION REPORTS
Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

RADAR REFLECTORS
Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS
The NOAA Weather Radio station listed below provides continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.

San Juan, P.R. WXJ-69 162.400 MHz

CAUTION
Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

HURRICANES AND TROPICAL STORMS
Hurricanes, tropical storms and other major storms may cause considerable damage to marine structures, aids to navigation and moored vessels, resulting in submerged debris in unknown locations.
Charted soundings, channel depths and shoreline may not reflect actual conditions following these storms. Fixed aids to navigation may have been damaged or destroyed. Buoys may have been moved from their charted positions, damaged, sunk, extinguished or otherwise made inoperative. Mariners should not rely upon the position or operation of an aid to navigation. Wrecks and submerged obstructions may have been displaced from charted locations. Pipelines may have become uncovered or moved.
Mariners are urged to exercise extreme caution and are requested to report aids to navigation discrepancies and hazards to navigation to the nearest United States Coast Guard unit.

CAUTION
Storm water discharge has been reported in this area.

BAHIA DE SAN JUAN CHANNEL DEPTHS
TABULATED FROM SURVEYS BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS - SURVEYS TO AUG 2015 AND REPORT OF OCT 2015

NAME OF CHANNEL	CONTROLLING DEPTHS FROM SEAWARD IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER (MLLW)				DATE OF SURVEY	PROJECT DIMENSIONS		
	LEFT OUTSIDE QUARTER	LEFT INSIDE QUARTER	RIGHT INSIDE QUARTER	RIGHT OUTSIDE QUARTER		WIDTH (FEET)	LENGTH (NAUT MILES)	DEPTH BELOW (FEET)
BAR CHANNEL	43.3	43.0	43.3	41.2	8-15	800-900	0.91	42
ANEGADO CHANNEL	40.6	43.1	43.6	38.4	8-15	800	1.19	40
SAN ANTONIO APPROACH CHANNEL	11.2	37.2	37.5	33.4	8-15	600	0.52	35
SAN ANTONIO CHANNEL	33.0	35.1	35.6	32.6	8-15	500-900	0.70	30
GRAVING DOCK CHANNEL	34.8	36.8	35.7	34.0	8-15	350	1.01	36
ARMY TERMINAL CHANNEL	38.1	41.4	43.1	38.8	8-15	350	0.90	40
PUERTO NUEVO CHANNEL (TO A POINT IN 18°26'31.5"N., 66°03'31.4"W.)	37.2	38.8	37.9	38.0	8-15	350	1.06	39

NOTE - CONSULT THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS FOR CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO THE ABOVE INFORMATION

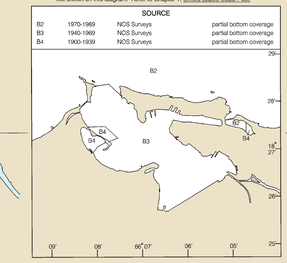
CAUTION
SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES
Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:

Pipeline Area — Cable Area

Additional uncharted submarine pipelines and submarine cables may exist within the area of this chart. Not all submarine pipelines and submarine cables are required to be buried, and those that were originally buried may have become exposed. Mariners should use extreme caution when operating vessels in depths of water comparable to their draft in areas where pipelines and cables may exist, and when anchoring, dragging, or trawling.
Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.

SOURCE DIAGRAM
The outlined areas represent the limits of the most recent hydrographic survey information that has been evaluated for charting. Surveys have been banded in this diagram by date and type of survey. Channels maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are periodically resurveyed and are not shown on this diagram. Refer to Chapter 1, United States Coast Pilot.

SOURCE			
B2	1970-1989	NOS Surveys	partial bottom coverage
B3	1940-1969	NOS Surveys	partial bottom coverage
B4	1900-1939	NOS Surveys	partial bottom coverage



CAUTION
Fixed and floating obstructions, some submerged, may exist within the magenta tinted bridge construction area. Mariners are advised to proceed with caution.

Storm water discharge has been reported in this area.

Sonar (see note)

Wedge under construction (see note)

Q R 35ft

Oc R 4s 59ft

Oc R 4s 79ft

Fl G 4s 10ft 5M "5"

Oc G 4s 84ft

Q G 40ft

Fl 4s 59ft

Fl 4s 79ft

Fl G 4s 84ft

Fl G 4s 10ft

Iso R 2s 27ft Fl 6s 5M

Oc R 4s 48ft

Fl (2) 20s 169ft 11M PUERTO SAN JUAN LT

Fl (3) 20s 118ft 11M COLORADO CAY MARACION CAY 80.738 (see note A) 11

Punta del Morro

ISLA DE CABRAS

Las Cabritas

El Canuelo Ruins

Punta Palo Seco

Punta Escambron

SAN JUAN

ISLA SAN JUAN

PUERTA DE TIERRA

CAPITOL DOME

SIGNAL MAST

CLOCK TOWER

CHURCH SPIRE

TV MAST

Club Nautico De San Juan

El Boqueron

Bajo San Agustin

SAN JUAN HARBOR NAVIGATION REGULATIONS 162.260 (see note A)

SECURITY ZONE 165.776 (see note B)

ANCHORAGE AREA (DB) 110.74c (see note A)

ENSENADA DE BOCA VIEJA

Rio de Bayamon

Rio Puerto Nuevo

Spoil Area

Cable Area

Pipeline Area

Tanks

STACK

TWIN STACKS

Piles

Wreck

Ruins

Marsh

Bay View

Ciénaga de las Cucharillas

Punta Cataño

CATAÑO

Amelia

Sabana

CHURCH

Army Terminal Pier

ISLA GRANDE

AERO Ref WSG TOWER

SAN ANTONIO CHANNEL (see tabulation)

PAN AM I

PAN AM II

PIER 11

PIER 12

PIER 13

PIER 14

PIER 15

PIER 8

PIER 9

PIER 10

SAN ANTONIO APPROACH CHANNEL (see tabulation)

ANEGADO CHANNEL (see tabulation)

ANCHORAGE AREA C

ANCHORAGE AREA E 110.240 (see note A)

DEEP DRAFT ANCHORAGE

35 FT AUG 2014

39 FT AUG 2014

40 FT AUG 2014

35 FT AUG 2015

30 FT AUG 2015

GRAVING DOCK CHANNEL (see tabulation)

ARMY TERMINAL TURNING BASIN

ARMY TERMINAL CHANNEL (see tabulation)

PUERTO NUEVO CHANNEL (see tabulation)

BAHÍA DE PUERTO NUEVO

Escollo Molinanga

Escollo Grande

Overfalls

Overfalls Santa Catalina

Monjes de San Patricio

SANTURCE

Talleres

Punta Piagnis

LAGUNA DEL CONDADO

CANO MARTIN PEÑA

RIO PUERTO NUEVO

Mangrove

Tanks

Pilings

Obstn

Subm pipe

Subm piling

Subm pos

Subm stake

Subm obstn

Subm cable

Subm ctns

Subm pipeline

Subm pile

Subm ramp

Subm wall

Subm rock

Subm jetty

Subm groin

Subm bkwtr

Subm brkwtr

Subm dike

Subm fence

Subm fish haven

Subm fish trap

Subm fish weir

Subm fish pond

Subm fish pen

Subm fish cage

Subm fish farm

Subm fish aggregation device

Subm fish attraction device

Subm fish shelter

Subm fish habitat

Subm fish reef

Subm fish nursery

Subm fish spawning area

Subm fish migration route

Subm fish feeding area

Subm fish resting area

Subm fish overwintering area

Subm fish summering area

Subm fish wintering area

Subm fish breeding area

Subm fish rearing area

Subm fish nursery area