CAUTION
BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES
For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

SOUNDINGS IN FEET

POLLUTION REPORTS
Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard unit if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

SHOALS AND PASSES
Mariners are advised to use caution. The shoals (dark blue areas) and passes (heavy dotted lines) were obtained from reports and have not been verified by field surveys. Dikes and piles, marking passes, are not shown due to their frequent change in position.

HORIZONTAL DATUM
The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referenced to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 1.46'1" northward and 0.78'0" eastward to agree with this chart.

TIDAL INFORMATION

Place		Height referred to datum of soundings (MLLW)			
		Mean High Water	Mean High Water	Mean Low Water	Extreme Low Water
Name	(LAT/LONG)	feet/m	feet	feet	feet
Garden Cove	(25°10'N/80°22'W)	2.4	2.3	0.2	-1.5
Tavernier Harbor	(25°01'N/80°31'W)	2.4	2.2	0.2	-1.5
Alligator Reef	(24°51'N/80°37'W)	2.2	2.1	0.2	-1.5

(Apr 2014)

THE NATION'S CHARTMAKER SINCE 1807

Mercator Projection
Scale 1:40,000 at Lat. 25°00'
North American Datum of 1983
(World Geodetic System 1984)
SOUNDINGS IN FEET
AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER
Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 4 for important supplemental information.

AUTHORITIES
Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, and U.S. Coast Guard.
For Symbols and Abbreviations see Chart No. 1

COLREGS: International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972
Demarcation lines are shown thus:

FLORIDA - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

BLACKWATER SOUND TO MATECUMBE

Formerly C&GS 880, 1st Combined Ed., Apr. 1984 KAPT 2929

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS
The NOAA Weather Radio stations listed below provide continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.

Teatable Key, FL	WXG-60	162.450 MHz
Princeton, FL	WNG-663	162.425 MHz

HEIGHTS
Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

CHANNEL MARKERS
Reflectors on daybeacons and buoys along the Intracoastal Waterway are green on the left hand and red on the right hand side when proceeding southeastward.

CAUTION
Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

CAUTION
Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on the chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

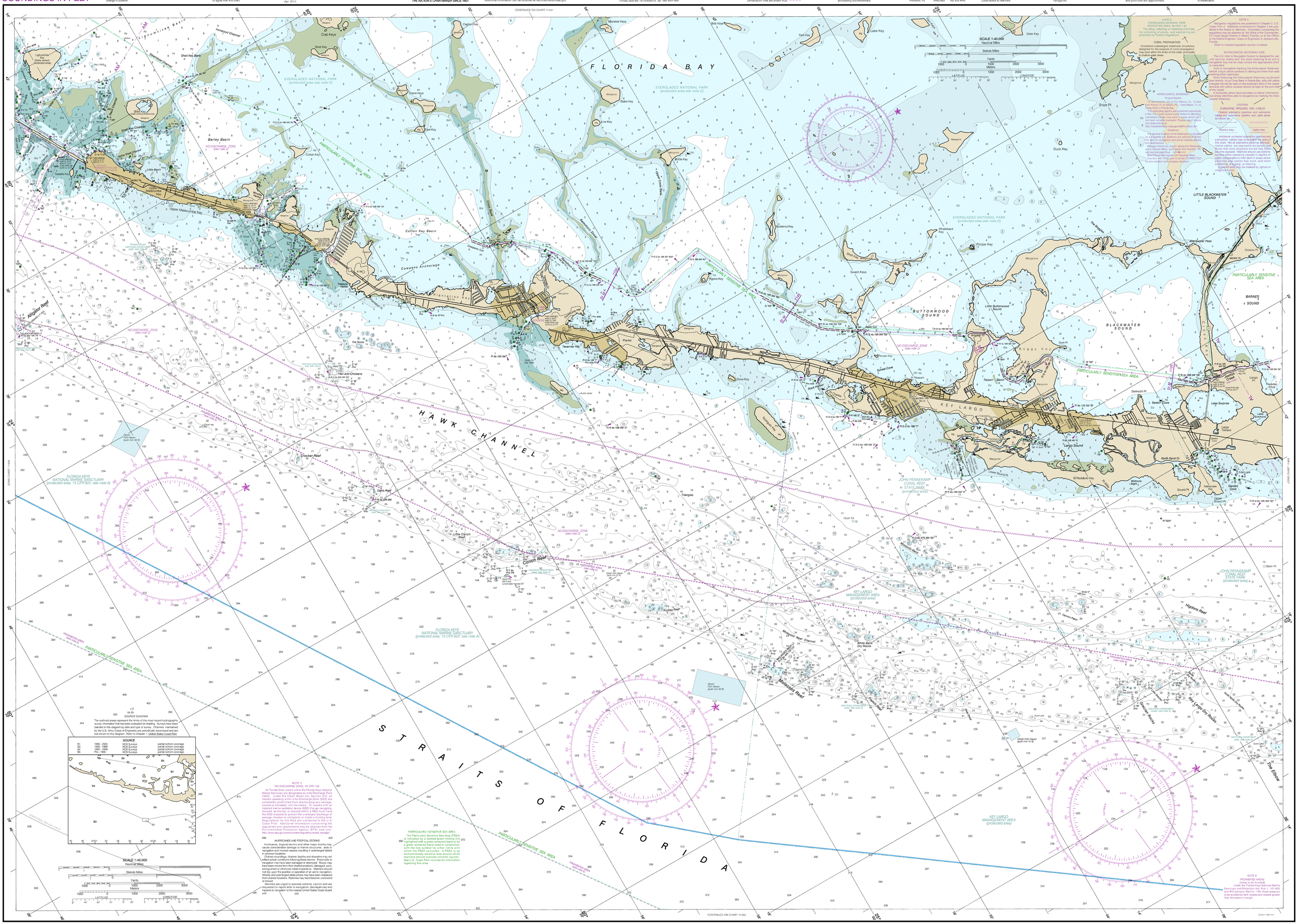
CAUTION
Overhead power cables run parallel to U.S. Highway No. 1. All clearances are greater than those of the charted fixed bridges.

AIDS TO NAVIGATION
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

RADAR REFLECTORS
Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

NOTE C
The daybeacons are privately maintained and positions are approximate.

NOTE X
Within the 12-nautical mile Territorial Sea, established by Presidential Proclamation, some Federal laws apply. The Three Nautical Mile Line, previously identified as the outer limit of the territorial sea, is retained as it continues to depict the jurisdictional limit of the other laws. The Biscayne Park National Resource Boundary off the Gulf coast of Florida, Texas, and Puerto Rico, and the Three Nautical Mile Line elsewhere remain in most cases the inner limit of Federal fisheries jurisdiction and the outer limit of the jurisdiction of the states. The 24-nautical mile Contiguous Zone and the 200-nautical mile Exclusive Economic Zone were established by Presidential Proclamation, unless fixed by treaty or the U.S. Supreme Court, these maritime limits are subject to modification.


FLORIDA BAY
EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK (protected area-see note D)
Barley Basin
Little Basin
Upper Matecumbe Key
Lignumvitae Basin
Shell Key Channel
Cowpens Anchorage
Colton Key Basin
Plantation Key
Alligator Reef
HAWK CHANNEL
Crocker Reef
Davis Reef
Conch Reef
Molasses Reef
Carysfort Reef
Key Largo Dry Rocks
Elbow
STRAITS OF FLORIDA
BUTTONWOOD SOUND
BLACKWATER SOUND
KEY LARGO
LITTLE BLACKWATER SOUND
BARNES SOUND
Largo Sound
Garden Cove
Tavernier
Pigeon Key
Porpoise Key
Duck Key
Snipe Pt
Swash Keys
Boggy Keys
Tarpon Basin
Rock Harbor
Dove Key
Triangles
Hen and Chickens
The Rocks
Tavernier Hbr
Hammer Pt
Planter
Long Pt
Crane Keys
Crab Keys
Manatee Keys
Bob Keys
Captain Key
Lake Key
Park Key
Deer Key
Little Buttonwood Sound
Whaleback Key
Butterfly Key
Little Basin
Tusslebe Key
Cotton Key
Bitter Key
Rodriguez Key
Pelican Key
Sunset Cove
Pleasant
Stalnecht Pt
Season Cove
Lake Surprise
Largo Pt
Largo Terrace
North Sand Cr
Sound Pt
Upper Sound Pt
El Radabob Key
Madeira Bay
Garden Cove
Tavernier Key
Snake Key
Low Key
Sand Key
Gill
Pelican Key
Sprigger Key
Sugar Loaf Key
Big Pine Key
Little Pine Key
Ramrod Key
Big Coppitt Key
Sugarloaf Key
Cudjoe Key
Sawyer Key
Shark Key
Big Pine Channel
Ramrod Channel
Sugarloaf Channel
Cudjoe Channel
Sawyer Channel
Shark Channel
Upper Cross Bank
Lower Cross Bank
Pennsylvania Bank
Cross Bank
Cross East
Crocker Rocks
Davis Rocks
Conch Rocks
Molasses Reef Channel
Carysfort Reef Channel
Key Largo Dry Rocks
Elbow
Alligator Reef
Hawk Channel
Tavernier Hbr
Hammer Pt
Planter
Long Pt
Dove Key
Triangles
Hen and Chickens
The Rocks
Crocker Reef
Davis Reef
Conch Reef
Molasses Reef
Carysfort Reef
Key Largo Dry Rocks
Elbow